

Cu Zn15

Common names: 85/15 Brass
85/15 Gilding Metal
Red Brass

A copper-zinc alloy with an alpha phase structure. The alloy has excellent cold-working properties and is generally not susceptible to dezincification and stress corrosion. Due to this combination of properties and its attractive colour, the alloy is used for decorative purposes as well as for a wide variety of drawn and formed parts.

COMPOSITION (weight %)

Cu 84.0-86.0
Zn rem.

1 SOME TYPICAL USES**Architectural**

Trim, weatherstrip, cold-formed angles and channels.

Chemical

Flexible hose and wide range of process piping.

Decorative

Badges, cosmetic compacts, costume jewellery, instrument and clock dials, etched articles, lipstick containers and engraved nameplates.

Hardware

Eyelets and fasteners.

Mechanical

Miscellaneous components required to be brazed; numerous drawn and formed parts; bellows; flexible hose; slide (zip) fasteners.

Plumbing

Water service lines and traps.

2 PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

		Metric Units	English Units
2.1	Density at 20 °C 68 °F	8.75 g/cm ³	0.315 lb/in ³
2.2	Melting range	1 000-1 025 °C	1 830-1 875 °F
2.3	Coefficient of thermal expansion (linear) at: 20 to 100 °C 68 to 212 °F 20 to 300 °C 68 to 572 °F	0.000 018 per °C	0.000 010 per °F
		0.000 019 " "	0.000 010 " "
2.4	Specific heat (thermal capacity) at: 20 °C 68 °F	0.09 cal/g °C	0.09 Btu/lb °F
2.5	Thermal conductivity at: 20 °C 68 °F 200 °C 392 °F	0.38 cal cm/cm ² s °C	92 Btu ft/ft ² h °F
		0.44 " "	106 " "
2.6	Electrical conductivity (volume) at: -196 °C -321 °F (annealed) 20 °C 68 °F (" ") 200 °C 392 °F (" ") -196 °C -321 °F (fully cold worked) 20 °C 68 °F (" " " ")	31 m/ohm mm ²	54 % IACS
		21 " "	37 " "
		16 " "	27 " "
		27 " "	47 " "
		19 " "	32 " "

continued overleaf

INDEX NUMBERS RELATE TO LITERATURE REFERENCES (see page 12); INDEX LETTERS RELATE TO FOOTNOTES AT END OF TABLE

Prepared by
CONSEIL INTERNATIONAL POUR LE
DEVELOPPEMENT DU CUIVRE (CIDEC)
100, rue du Rhône - 1204 GENÈVE

Distributed by
COPPER DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION
55, South Audley Street - London W1Y 6BJ

DATA SHEET No. D 3
© Cu Zn15
1970 Edition

2 PHYSICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

	Metric Units	English Units
2.7 Electrical resistivity (volume) at:	0.032 ohm mm ² /m	19 ohms (circ mil/ft)
—196 °C —321 °F (annealed)	3.2 microhm cm	1.3 microhm in
20 °C 68 °F („)	0.047 ohm mm ² /m	28 ohms (circ mil/ft)
	4.7 microhm cm	1.8 microhm in
200 °C 392 °F („)	0.064 ohm mm ² /m	38 ohms (circ mil/ft)
	6.4 microhm cm	2.5 microhm in
—196 °C —321 °F (fully cold worked)	0.037 ohm mm ² /m	22 ohms (circ mil/ft)
	3.7 microhm cm	1.5 microhm in
20 °C 68 °F („ „ „)	0.054 ohm mm ² /m	32 ohms (circ mil/ft)
	5.4 microhm cm	2.1 microhm in
2.8 Temperature coefficient of electrical resistance at:		
20 °C 68 °F (annealed)	0.001 6 per °C (37% IACS)	0.000 9 per °F (37% IACS)
applicable over range from 0 to 100 °C 32 to 212 °F		
20 °C 68 °F (fully cold worked)	0.001 4 „ „ (32% IACS)	0.000 8 „ „ (32% IACS)
applicable over range from 0 to 100 °C 32 to 212 °F		
2.9 Modulus of elasticity (tension) at 20 °C 68 °F		
annealed	12 400 kg/mm ²	17 600 000 lb/in ²
cold worked	11 400–12 400 kg/mm ²	16 200 000–17 600 000 lb/in ²
2.10 Modulus of rigidity (torsion) at 20 °C 68 °F		
annealed	4 550 kg/mm ²	6 450 000 lb/in ²
cold worked	4 300–4 550 kg/mm ²	6 100 000–6 450 000 lb/in ²

N.B.: The values shown in Section 2, which have been appropriately rounded in view of the composition range involved, are based on selected literature references.

3 FABRICATION PROPERTIES

The information given in this table is for general guidance only, since many factors influence fabrication techniques. The values shown are approximate only, since those used in practice are dependent upon form and size of metal, equipment available, techniques adopted and properties required in the material.

	Metric Units	English Units
3.1 Casting temperature range	1 100–1 160 °C	2 010–2 120 °F
3.2 Annealing temperature range	425– 600 °C	795–1 110 °F
Stress relieving temperature range	200– 300 °C	390– 570 °F
3.3 Hot working temperature range	750– 900 °C	1 380–1 650 °F
3.4 Hot formability		Fair
3.5 Cold formability		Excellent
3.6 Cold reduction between anneals		85% max.
3.7 Machinability:		See General Data Sheet No. 2
Machinability rating (free-cutting brass = 100)		25
3.8 Joining methods:		See General Data Sheet No. 3.4
Soldering		Excellent
Brazing		Excellent
Oxy-acetylene welding		Good
Carbon-arc welding		Not recommended
Gas-shielded arc welding		Good
Coated metal-arc welding		Not recommended
Resistance welding: spot and seam		Fair
butt		Good

5.1 MECHANICAL PROPERTIES AT ROOM TEMPERATURE^(a)

5.1.1 Typical Tensile Properties and Hardness Values—Metric Units

This table is representative of practice in many European countries. For British and American practices, see tables 5.1.2 and 5.1.3, respectively.

The values shown represent reasonable approximations for general engineering use, taking account of variations in composition and manufacturing procedures. For design purposes, national specifications should be consulted.

For a given temper, individual elongation values may show some variation above or below the typical values indicated.

Form	Temper	Tensile Strength kg/mm ²	Proof Stress 0.2% offset kg/mm ²	Elongation		Hardness		Shear Strength kg/mm ²	Typical Size Related to Properties Shown ^(b)
				%	gauge length	Brinell	Vickers		
Plate Sheet Strip	Annealed (grain size 0.015 mm)	31	13	40	50 mm	80	84	23	0.2–1.5 mm thick
	Typical Cold Worked Tempers	34	25	30	50 mm	85	89	24	0.2–3 mm thick
		38	30	22	50 mm	105	110	25	"
		48	42	10	50 mm	135	140	31	0.2–2 mm thick
Rod	Annealed	28	10	50	$5.65\sqrt{S_o}$	60	63	21	—
	Typical Cold Worked Tempers	36	28	28	$5.65\sqrt{S_o}$	90	95	25	6–40 mm diam. or equivalent area
		42	34	16	$5.65\sqrt{S_o}$	120	125	27	6–12 mm diam. or equivalent area
Wire	Annealed	30	—	35	100 mm	—	—	23	1.5–6 mm diam.
		32	—	32	100 mm	—	—	24	0.2–1.5 mm diam.
	Typical Cold Drawn Tempers	42	—	8	100 mm	—	—	27	1.5–6 mm diam.
		50	—	4	100 mm	—	—	28	1.5–3 mm diam.
		60	—	—	—	—	—	30	0.2–1.5 mm diam.
Tube	Annealed	28	11	50	$5.65\sqrt{S_o}$	60	63	21	—
	Typical Cold Drawn Tempers	36	28	25	$5.65\sqrt{S_o}$	95	100	25	10–50 mm O.D. over 2 mm wall
		44	38	12	$5.65\sqrt{S_o}$	125	130	29	up to 25 mm O.D. up to 2 mm wall

(a) It will be noted that tables 5.1.1, 5.1.2 and 5.1.3, giving typical tensile properties and hardness values in Metric, English and American units, respectively, are not directly comparable. This is because the properties quoted reflect to some extent the metalworking techniques, specification practices, and testing procedures in the countries concerned, and in view of the different sizes of products referred to in these tables. Individual manufacturers of semi-fabricated products can, however, normally meet the requirements of any national standard.

(b) It is possible to obtain sizes outside the ranges given in this column, but information on their mechanical properties should be obtained from the metal manufacturers.

5.2 MECHANICAL PROPERTIES AT LOW TEMPERATURE

5.2.1 Tensile Properties—Impact Properties

Form	Temper	Testing Temperature		Tensile Strength			Proof Stress 0.2% offset kg/mm ²	Elongation % on $4.52 \sqrt{S_o}$	Reduction of Area %	Impact Strength	
		°C	°F	kg/mm ²	ton/in ²	psi				kg m/cm ²	ft lb
Rod⁽¹⁾ 19 mm diam. 0.75 in. diam.	Cold Worked 14%	22	72	28.5	18	40 400	9.14^(a)	48	74	16.6 ^(b)	96^(b)
		- 78	-108	32.5	21	46 500	9.84^(a)	63	79	14.2 ^(b)	82^(b)
		-197	-323	43.5	27.5	62 000	11.5^(a)	83	77	13.5 ^(b)	78^(b)
		-253	-423	55.5	35.5	79 200	14.7^(a)	80	75	13.1 ^(b)	76^(b)
		-269	-452	50	31.5	71 000	12.9^(a)	82	71	—	—
Rod⁽²⁾	Annealed (grain size 0.020 mm)	-195	-319	46.5	29.5	65 800	13.7^(a)	—	—	—	—
Rod⁽³⁾	Annealed	10	50	—	—	—	—	—	—	14.4 ^(c)	52^(c)
		- 18	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	14.7 ^(c)	53^(c)
		- 29	- 20	—	—	—	—	—	—	15.2 ^(c)	55^(c)
		- 51	- 60	—	—	—	—	—	—	15.5 ^(c)	56^(c)
		- 79	-110	—	—	—	—	—	—	15.5 ^(c)	56^(c)
		-118	-180	—	—	—	—	—	—	16.6 ^(c)	60^(c)

(a) This value was originally reported in psi; in this table it is given in kg/mm² to 3 significant figures.

(b) Charpy test, 10 × 10 × 55 mm specimen, 45° V-notch, 2 mm deep; cross-sectional area at the notch 0.8 cm².

(c) Charpy specimen, keyhole notch; cross-sectional area at the notch 0.5 cm².

N.B.:—Original values are printed in **bold type**; other values are converted.

—All converted values for impact strength are to be taken as indicative only; the impact energy has been converted from ft lb into kg m/cm² taking into account the actual cross-sectional area of the specimen at the notch.

—Data not available:

Proof stress, 0.1% offset,

Yield strength, 0.5% extension under load.

5.3 MECHANICAL PROPERTIES AT ELEVATED TEMPERATURE

5.3.1 Short-Time Tensile Properties

Form	Temper	Testing Temperature		Tensile Strength			Proof Stress			Elongation % on 2 in.
		°C	°F	kg/mm ²	ton/in ²	psi	0.2% offset kg/mm ²	0.1% offset ton/in ²	Yield Strength 0.5% ext. under load psi	
Plate ⁽⁴⁾	Annealed	20	68	30	19.2	43 000	8.66^(a)	5.1	—	50
		66	150	28	17.7	39 500	8.19^(a)	4.9	—	51
		121	250	26.5	16.8	37 500	8.50^(a)	5.1	—	45
		177	350	25.5	16.1	36 000	7.87^(a)	4.8	—	45
		232	450	24.5	15.4	34 500	7.87^(a)	4.8	—	36
Rod ⁽⁵⁾ 3.2 mm diam. 0.125 in. diam.	Annealed (grain size 0.060 mm)	24	75	29	18.5	41 000	—	—	10 000	47.0
		149	300	—	—	—	—	—	9 700	—
		204	400	—	—	—	—	—	9 500	—
		260	500	—	—	—	—	—	8 500	—
	Cold Worked 37%	24	75	47.5	30	67 500	—	—	59 000	10.5
		204	400	—	—	—	—	—	47 000	—
Cold Worked 84%	24	75	68	43	96 500	—	—	67 000	7.0	
	204	400	—	—	—	—	—	52 000	—	
Rod ⁽⁶⁾ 12.7 mm diam. 0.5 in. diam.	Annealed	25	77	28	17.5	39 500	8.79^(b)	—	—	—
		300	572	21.5	13.5	30 600	7.56^(b)	—	—	—
		500	932	10	6.5	14 500	5.23^(b)	—	—	—
Rod ⁽⁷⁾ 19 mm diam. 0.75 in. diam.	Hot Worked (grain size 0.030 mm)	24	75	31	19.5	43 800	—	—	—	47.0
		204	400	27	17	38 525	—	—	—	35.5
		316	600	21	13.5	29 950	—	—	—	—
		427	800	14	9	20 250	—	—	—	4.2
Rod ⁽⁸⁾	Cold Worked 37%	200	392	41.5	26	58 800	—	—	54 800	7.3
		300	572	36.5	23	51 800	—	—	49 000	4.5
		400	752	22	14	31 400	—	—	24 500	17.0
		500	932	11	7	15 800	—	—	10 500	25.7
		600	1 112	6.5	4	9 200	—	—	7 600	27.7
		700	1 292	4	2.5	5 600	—	—	4 700	62.0
Tube ⁽⁹⁾	Annealed	Room	Room	28	18	40 000	—	—	12 000	—
		66	150	28	18	40 000	—	—	12 000	—
		121	250	27.5	17.5	39 000	—	—	12 000	—
		149	300	26.5	17	38 000	—	—	12 000	—
		177	350	26	16.5	37 000	—	—	12 000	—
		204	400	25.5	16	36 000	—	—	12 000	—
		232	450	24.5	15.5	35 000	—	—	11 500	—
		260	500	23	14.5	33 000	—	—	11 000	—

(a) This value was originally reported in ton/in²; in this table it is given in kg/mm² to 3 significant figures.

(b) This value was originally reported in psi; in this table it is given in kg/mm² to 3 significant figures.

N.B.: Original values are printed in **bold type**; other values are converted.

5.3.2 Creep Properties

5.3.2.1 Original Creep Data

Form	Temper	Testing Temperature		Stress			Duration h	Total Extension % ^(a)	Intercept %	Min. Creep Rate % per 1 000 h
		°C	°F	kg/mm ²	ton/in ²	psi				
Rod ^(s) 3.2 mm diam. 0.125 in. diam.	Annealed (grain size 0.060 mm)	149	300	3.2	2.0	4 500	4 500	0.031	0.006	0.000 7
				4.9	3.1	6 960	5 100	0.087	0.024	0.002 9
				6.9	4.4	9 800	4 500	1.07	0.44	0.026
		204	400	0.70	0.45	1 000	4 400	0.022	0.008	0.000 8
				1.4	0.92	2 050	5 060	0.042	0.013	0.001 9
				2.5	1.6	3 500	5 100	0.092	0.040	0.003 3
				3.5	2.3	5 040	5 400	0.097	0.015	0.005 9
				4.9	3.1	6 940	6 600	0.482	0.187	0.034
				6.3	4.0	8 940	2 000	1.060	0.390	0.10
	260	500	8.1	5.1	11 500	4 130	3.620	0.750	0.283	
			0.60	0.38	850	5 140	0.042	0.010	0.004 0	
			1.4	0.89	2 000	5 000	0.091	0.026	0.008 0	
			2.5	1.6	3 520	5 300	0.241	0.037	0.030	
			3.5	2.2	4 980	5 000	0.507	0.083	0.073	
	Cold Worked 37%	149	300	4.2	2.7	6 000	5 140	0.958	0.180	0.138
				4.9	3.1	6 950	1 600	1.100	0.510	0.32
				0.60	0.38	850	5 140	0.042	0.010	0.004 0
				1.4	0.89	2 000	5 000	0.091	0.026	0.008 0
				2.5	1.6	3 520	5 300	0.241	0.037	0.030
				3.5	2.2	4 980	5 000	0.507	0.083	0.073
		204	400	4.2	2.7	6 000	5 140	0.958	0.180	0.138
				4.9	3.1	6 950	1 600	1.100	0.510	0.32
				3.5	2.3	5 040	5 200	0.050	0.018	0.000 4
				7.0	4.4	9 900	4 800	0.110	0.037	0.002 4
9.2				5.8	13 050	5 050	0.138	0.044	0.002 8	
12.4				7.9	17 650	5 100	0.227	0.083	0.006 7	
260		500	16.8	10.6	23 850	6 050	0.366	0.153	0.011	
			21.2	13.5	30 200	4 800	0.628	0.220	0.043	
			3.5	2.2	4 980	5 200	0.077	0.039	0.002 6	
			5.7	3.6	8 100	5 400	0.135	0.054	0.006 9	
			8.3	5.3	11 850	5 200	0.283	0.146	0.013	
			11.0	7.0	15 650	4 420	0.422	0.151	0.041	
Cold Worked 84%	149	300	0.37	0.23	520	5 100	0.042	0.008	0.005 6	
			0.69	0.44	980	10 370	0.179	0.055	0.011	
			2.1	1.4	3 050	10 000	0.967	0.073	0.086	
			4.3	2.7	6 050	4 800	1.114	-0.70	0.37 ^(b)	
	204	400	7.0	4.4	9 960	4 400	0.096	0.029	0.000 7	
			13.9	8.8	19 800	5 100	0.197	0.054	0.002 6	
			27.9	17.7	39 700	4 500	0.445	0.108	0.011	
			37.8	24.0	53 800	5 100	0.860	0.250	0.033	
	260	500	0.73	0.46	1 040	5 160	0.040	0.029	0.001 1	
			2.2	1.4	3 190	5 000	0.163	0.061	0.017	
			3.8	2.4	5 400	5 160	0.461	0.110	0.063	
			4.2	2.7	6 040	5 000	0.505	0.120	0.069	
260	500	0.42	0.27	600	5 540	0.096	0.038	0.010		
		0.67	0.43	960	5 300	0.270	0.080	0.034		
		1.4	0.87	1 940	2 950	0.678	0.104	0.19		
		2.1	1.3	2 990	3 650	2.715	-0.045	0.76 ^(b)		

(a) Total extension = Initial extension + Total creep = Initial extension + Intercept + (Minimum creep rate × Duration).

(b) Accelerating creep rate.

N.B.: Original values are printed in **bold type**; other values are converted.

5.3.2.2 Stress for Designated Creep Rate

Form	Temper	Testing Temperature		Stress for Designated Creep Rate								
		°C	°F	0.001% per 1 000 h			0.01% per 1 000 h			0.1% per 1 000 h		
				kg/mm ²	ton/in ²	psi	kg/mm ²	ton/in ²	psi	kg/mm ²	ton/in ²	psi
Rod⁽⁵⁾ 3.2 mm diam. 0.125 in. diam.	Annealed (grain size 0.060 mm)	149	300	3.7	2.3	5 200	6.0	3.8	8 600	> 7.0	> 4.5	> 10 000
		204	400	0.88	0.56	1 250	3.9	2.5	5 500	> 6.3	> 4.0	> 9 000
		260	500	—	—	—	1.6	1.0	2 250	> 3.7	> 2.3	> 5 200
	Cold Worked 37%	149	300	5.5	3.5	7 800	15.5	9.8	22 000	> 21.0	> 13.4	> 30 000
		204	400	2.0	1.3	2 800	7.0	4.5	10 000	> 13.1	> 8.3	> 18 700
		260	500	—	—	—	0.60	0.38	850	> 2.3	> 1.5	> 3 300
	Cold Worked 84%	149	300	8.4	5.5	12 000	26.0	16.5	37 000	> 38.7	> 24.6	> 55 000
		204	400	0.70	0.44	1 000	1.8	1.2	2 600	> 4.8 ^(a)	> 3.0 ^(a)	> 6 800^(a)
		260	500	—	—	—	0.42	0.27	600	> 1.0	> 0.65	> 1 450

^(a) Extrapolated value.

N.B.: Original values are printed in **bold type**; other values are converted.

5.4 FATIGUE PROPERTIES

5.4.1 Fatigue Strength at Room Temperature

Form	Temper	Number of Cycles × 10 ⁶	Metric Units kg/mm ²		English Units ton/in ²		American Units psi		
			Tensile Strength	Fatigue Strength	Tensile Strength	Fatigue Strength	Tensile Strength	Fatigue Strength	
Strip⁽¹⁰⁾ 0.81 mm 0.032 in.	Annealed (grain size 0.020 mm)	100	31	11.5 ^(a)	19.5	7.5 ^(a)	44 000	16 500^(a)	
	Annealed (grain size 0.025 mm)	100	29.5	10 ^(a)	18.5	6.5 ^(a)	42 000	14 500^(a)	
	Annealed (grain size 0.075 mm)	100	27.5	7.5 ^(a)	17.5	4.5 ^(a)	39 000	10 500^(a)	
	Annealed (grain size 0.090 mm)	100	27	7.5 ^(a)	17	5 ^(a)	38 500	11 000^(a)	
	Cold Worked	21% ^(b)	100	39.5	16 ^(a)	25	10 ^(a)	56 500	22 500^(a)
		21% ^(c)	100	35	10.5 ^(a)	22.5	6.5 ^(a)	50 000	15 000^(a)
		37% ^(d)	100	48.5	15 ^(a)	31	9.5 ^(a)	69 000	21 000^(a)
		37% ^(e)	100	45	13.5 ^(a)	28.5	8.5 ^(a)	64 000	19 000^(a)
60% ^(f)		100	55.5	17 ^(a)	35.5	10.5 ^(a)	79 000	24 000^(a)	
60% ^(e)		100	55.5	16.5 ^(a)	35.5	10.5 ^(a)	79 000	23 500^(a)	
Strip⁽¹¹⁾ 1 mm 0.04 in.	Cold Worked ^(a)	100	59	10.5 ^(a)	37.5	6.5 ^(a)	84 000	15 000^(a)	
Rod⁽¹²⁾ 12.7 mm diam. 0.5 in. diam.	Cold Worked 4%	300	31.5	14 ^(h)	20	9 ^(h)	44 700	20 000^(h)	
Rod⁽¹³⁾	Cold Worked and Stress Relieved ⁽ⁱ⁾	60	37.5	11 ^(h)	23.5	7 ^(h)	53 000	16 000^(h)	
	Cold Worked and Annealed ⁽ⁱ⁾	100	28.5	11 ^(h)	18	7 ^(h)	40 500	15 500^(h)	

(a) Reversed-bending test. (b) Ready-to-finish grain size 0.020 mm. (c) Ready-to-finish grain size 0.060 mm. (d) Ready-to-finish grain size 0.030 mm. (e) Ready-to-finish grain size 0.070 mm. (f) Ready-to-finish grain size 0.025 mm. (g) Quoted as "spring" in original document, but amount of cold work not defined. (h) Rotating-beam test. (i) Stress relieved for 3 h at 232 °C (450 °F) (j) Annealed for 3 h at 482 °C (900 °F).

N.B.: Original values are printed in **bold type**; other values are converted.